



Building Privacy-Preserving AI in a Regulated Landscape

Aligning Luxembourg AI Ambitions with GDPR, the AI Act,
and emerging data frameworks

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Data Privacy Day 2026 - Maison du Savoir, Esch-Sur-Alzette

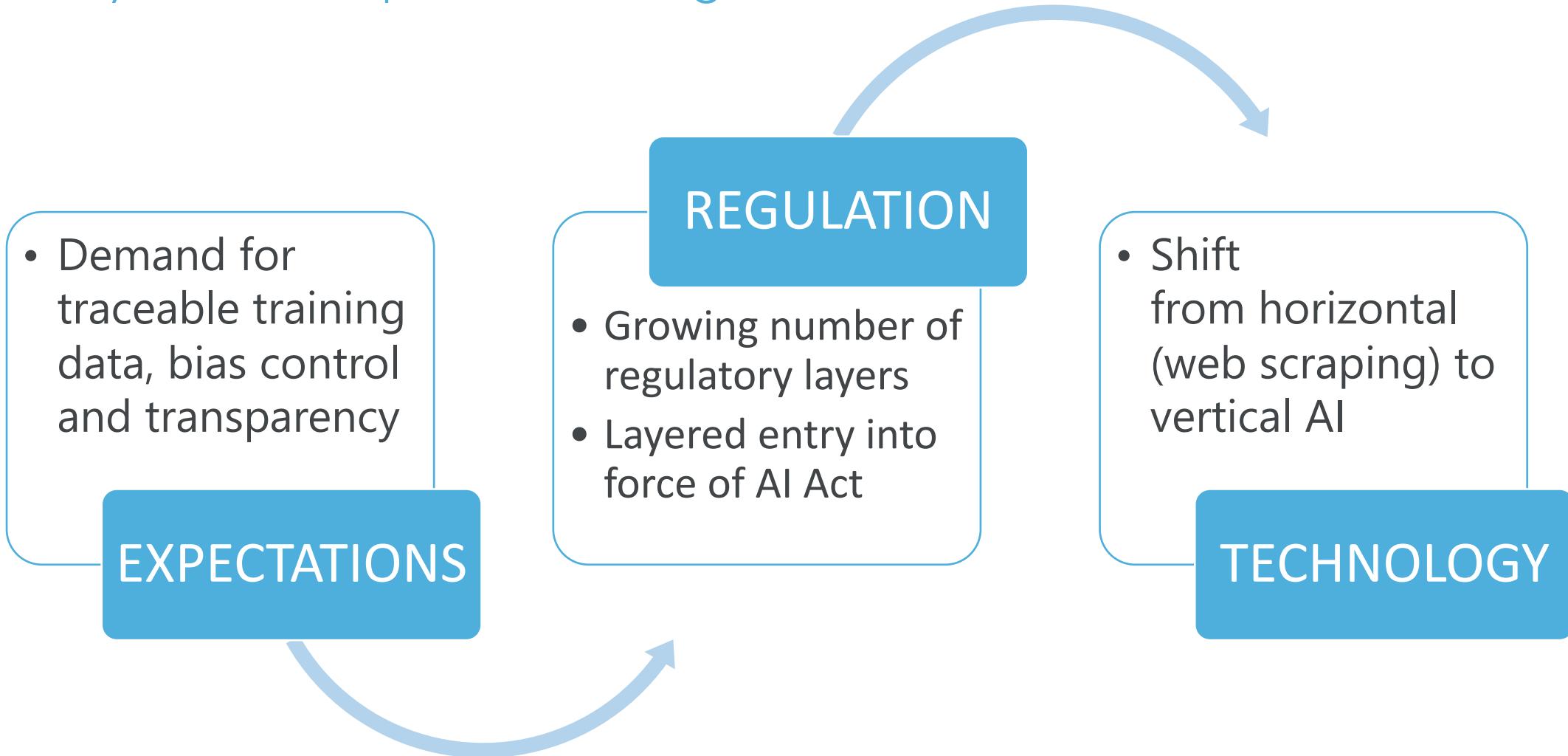
28th January 2026





The Burning Platform: Complexity is rising

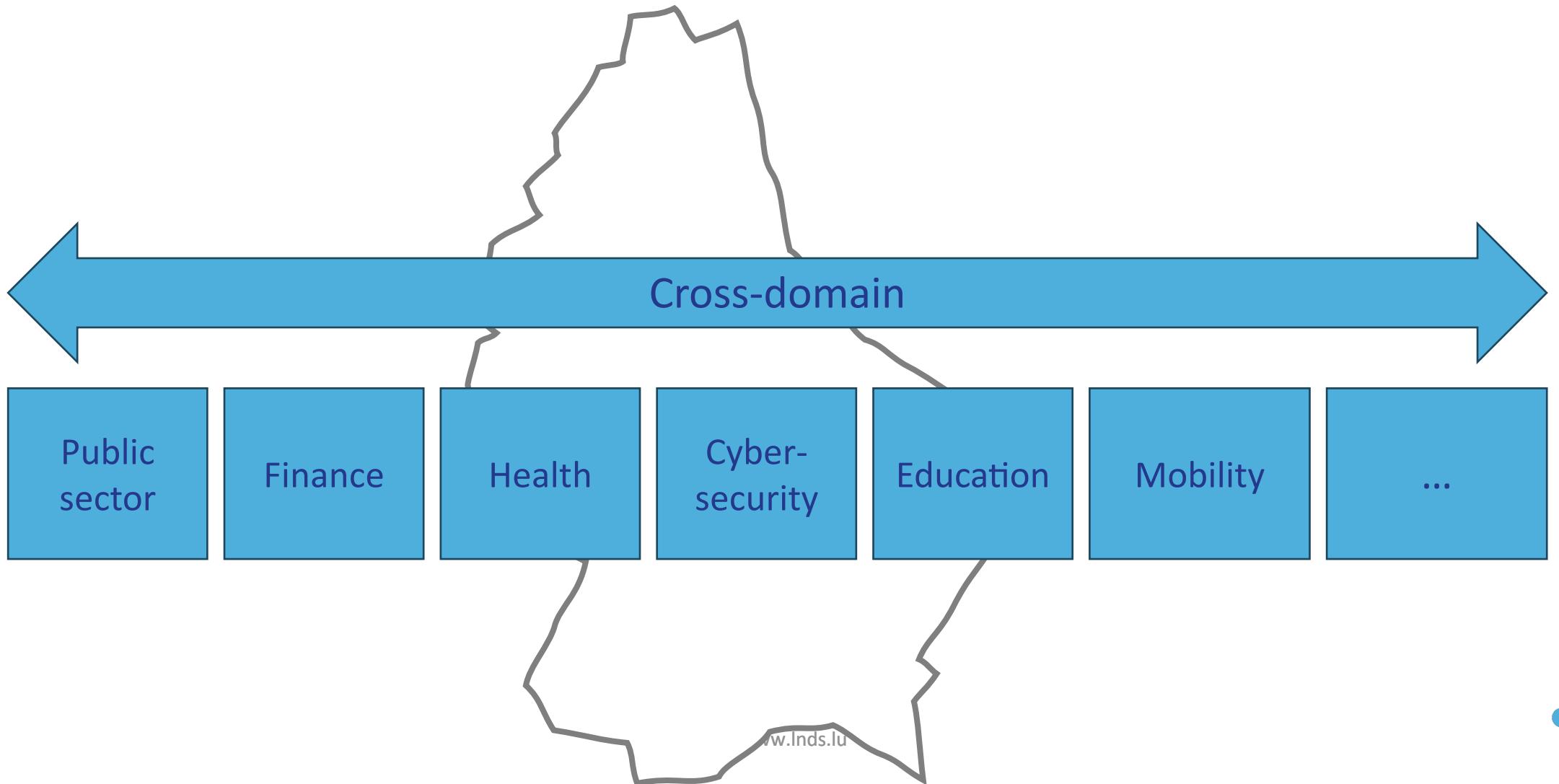
Why AI now requires more alignment





Dimensions of the Luxembourg data ecosystem: domains

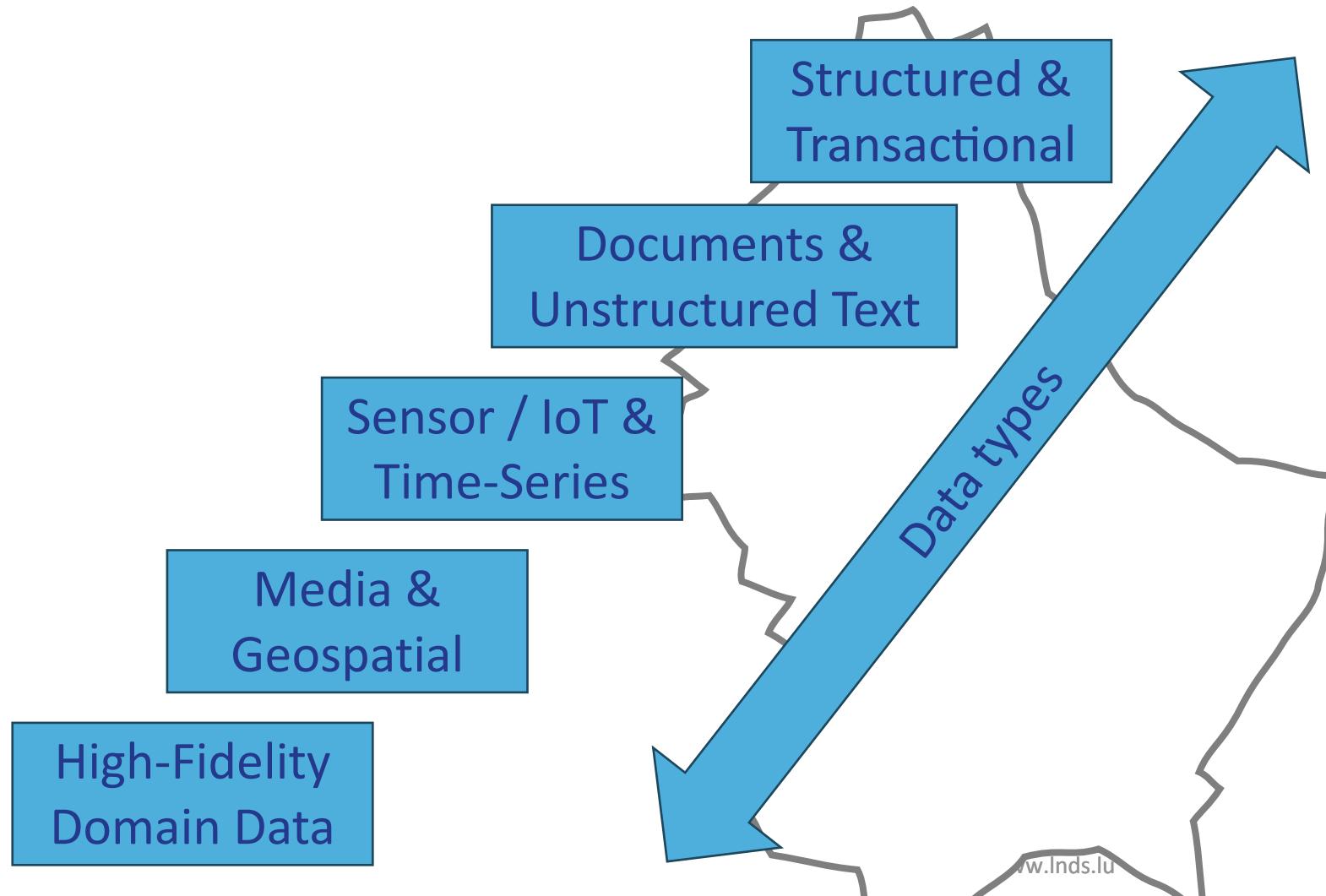
Many sub-specialisations exist, leading to data silos and fragmentation





Dimensions of the Luxembourg data ecosystem: data types

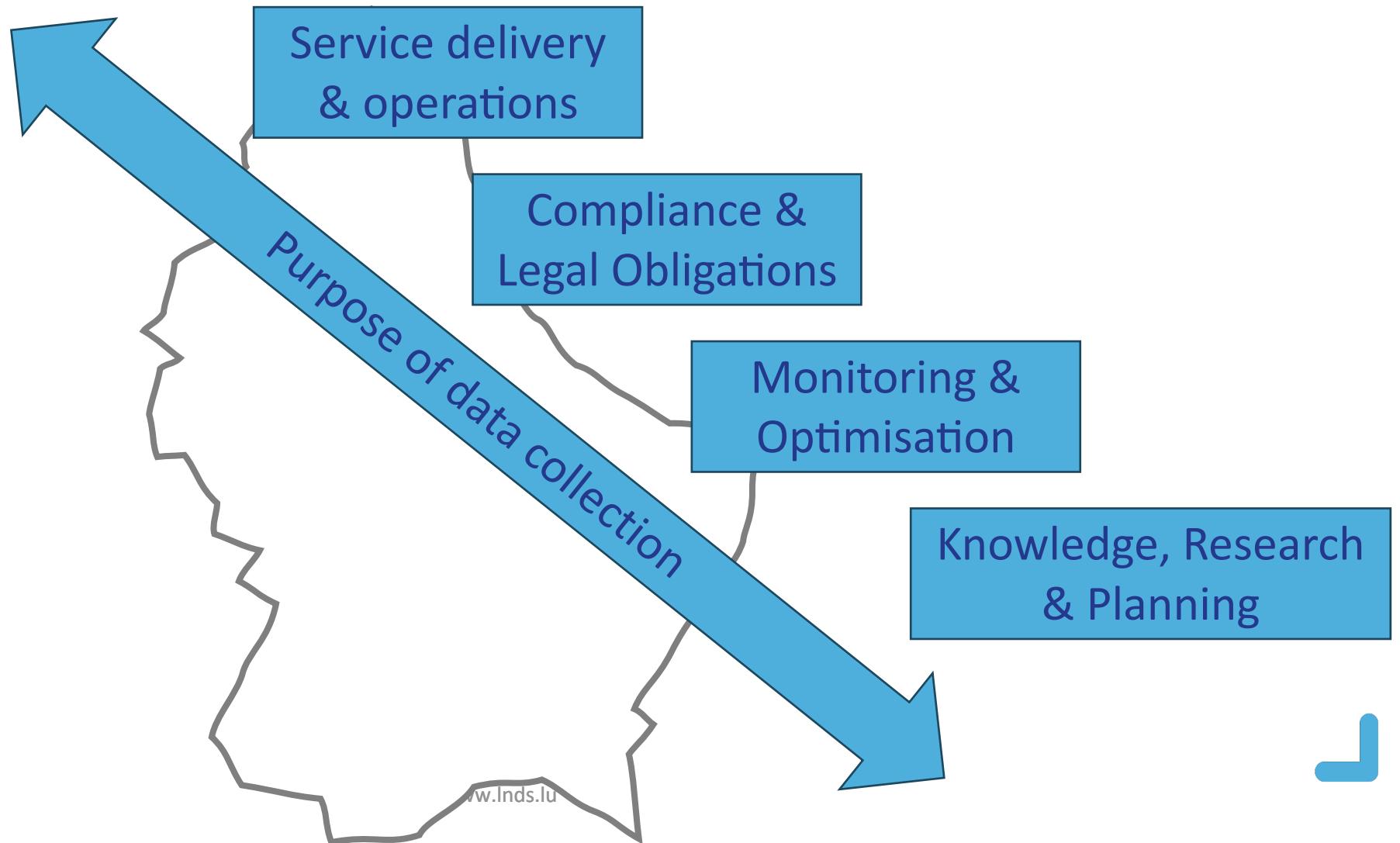
Different data types create dependencies that complicate AI development





Dimensions of the Luxembourg data ecosystem: purpose

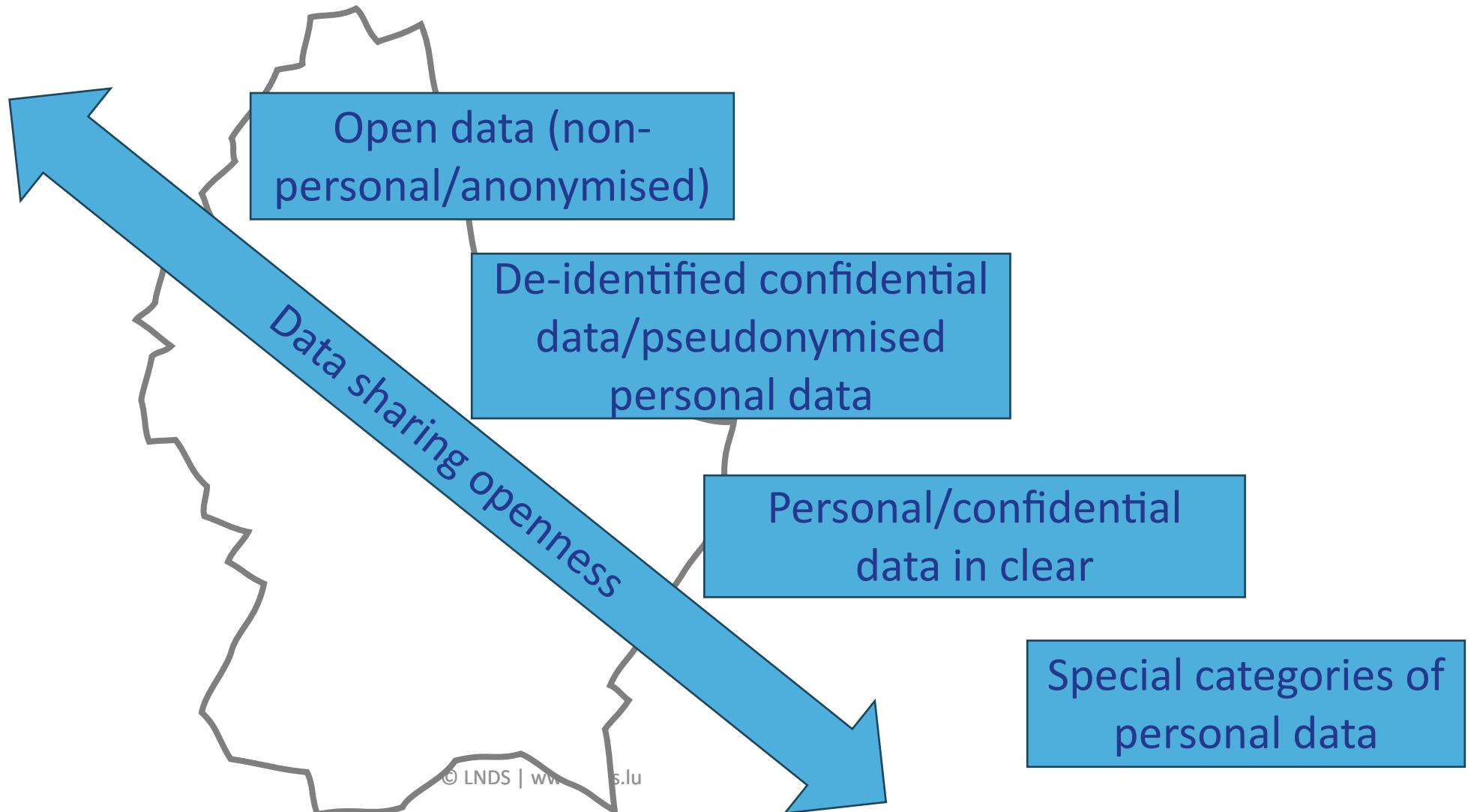
Purpose driven data collections tend to reside in separate systems





Dimensions of the Luxembourg data ecosystem: openness

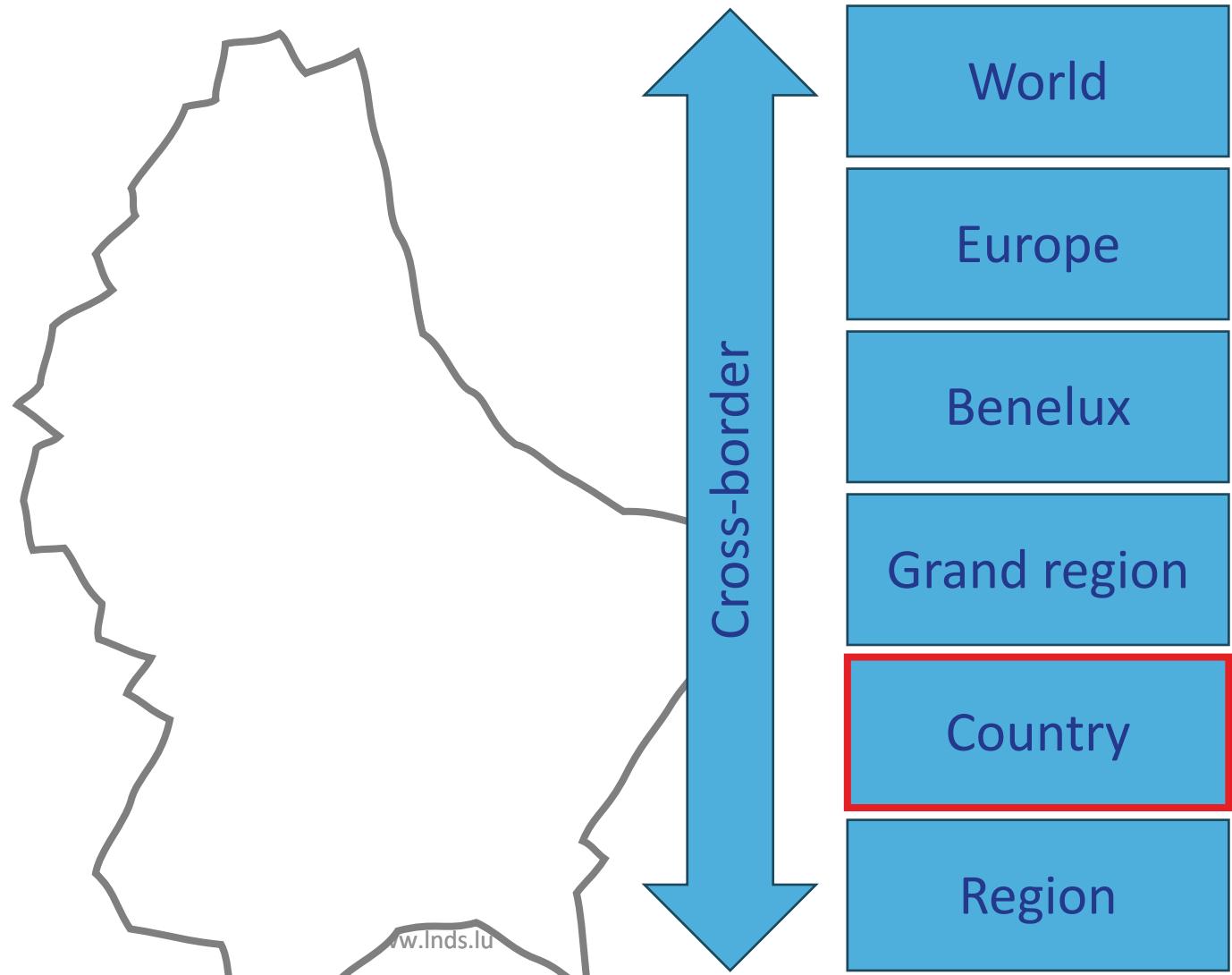
Strong dependence on sensitivity of data and fundamental rights





Dimensions of the Luxembourg data ecosystem: geography

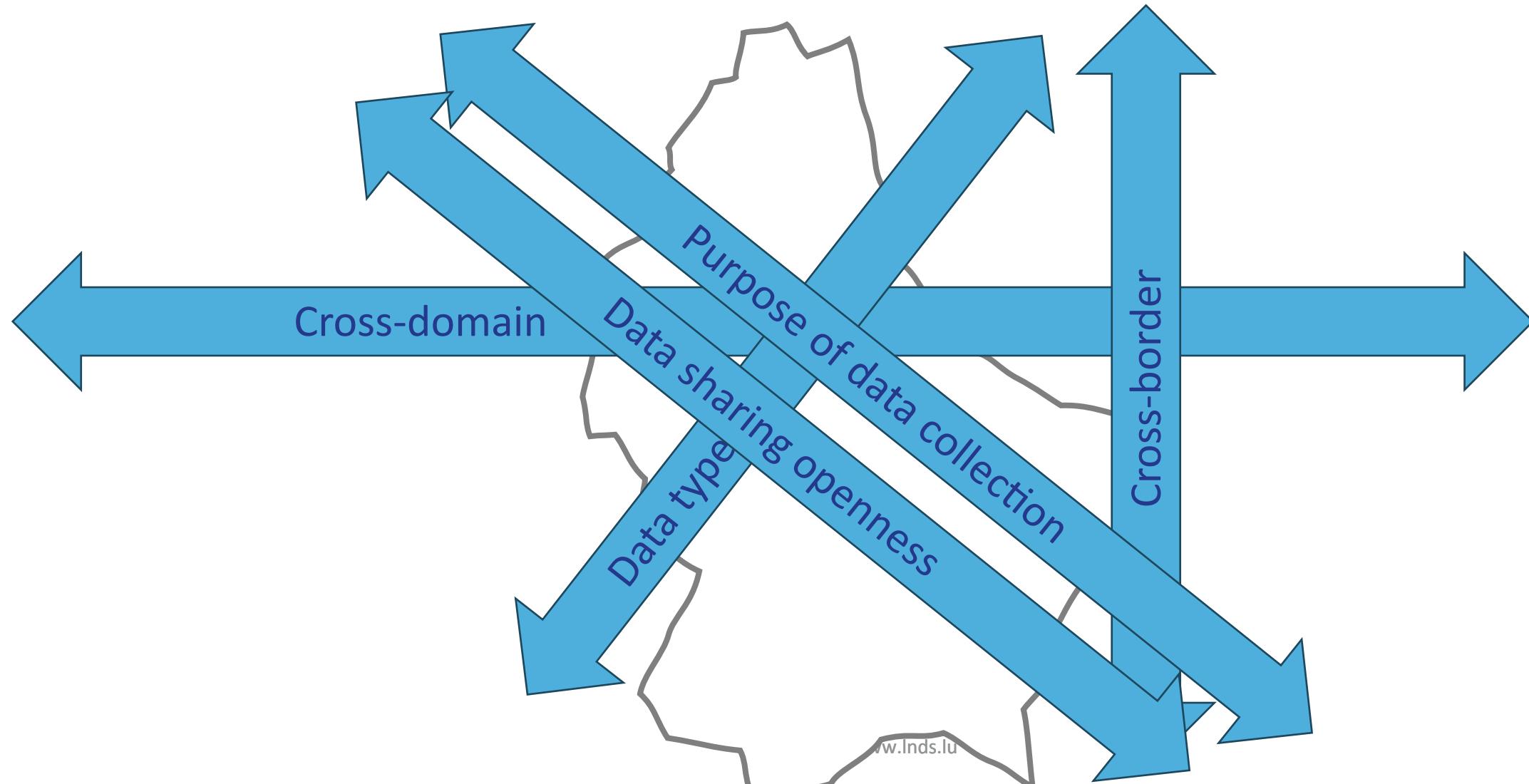
Most data sharing initiatives are confined within national borders





Dimensions of the Luxembourg data ecosystem

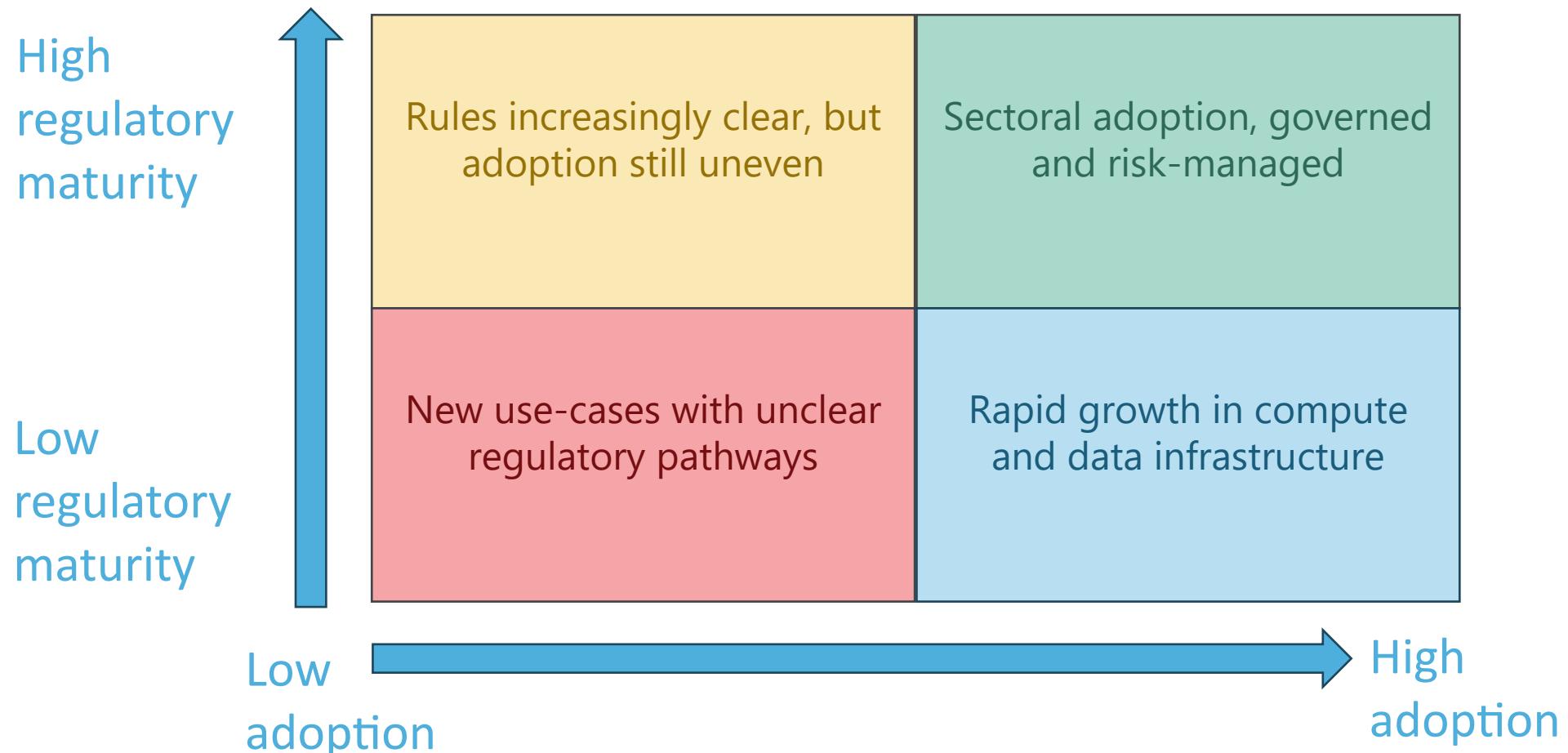
Different data dimensions shape how AI can be designed





Current and Emerging Trends

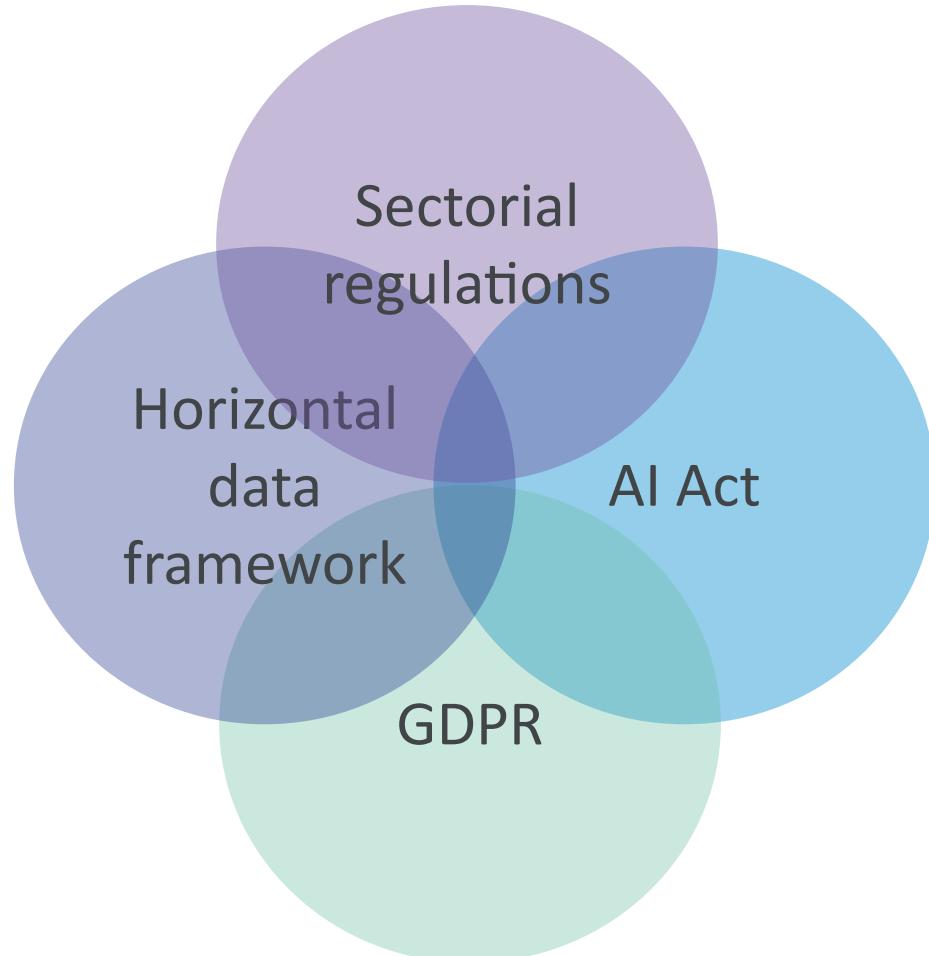
Understanding where organisations stand as AI scales under EU rules





What Regulation means for AI

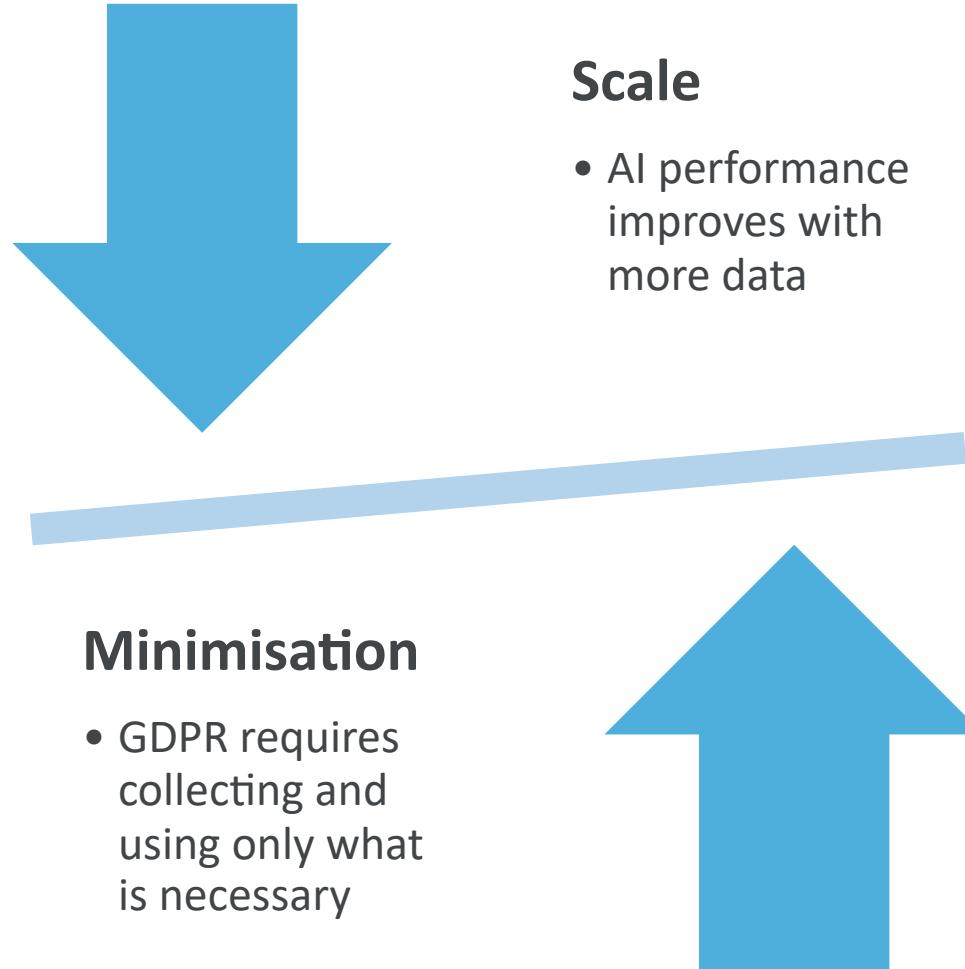
How EU Regulations overlap in real projects





Core Tensions Between AI & Privacy

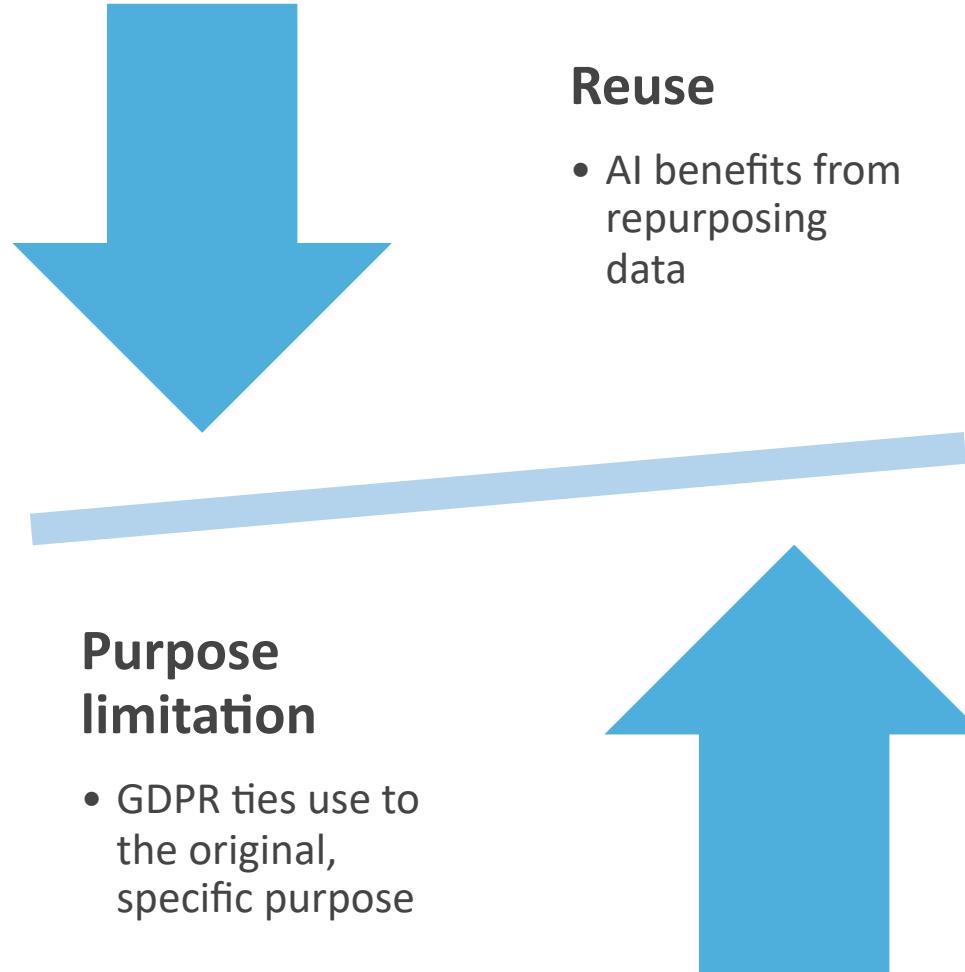
Where are the frictions?





Core Tensions Between AI & Privacy

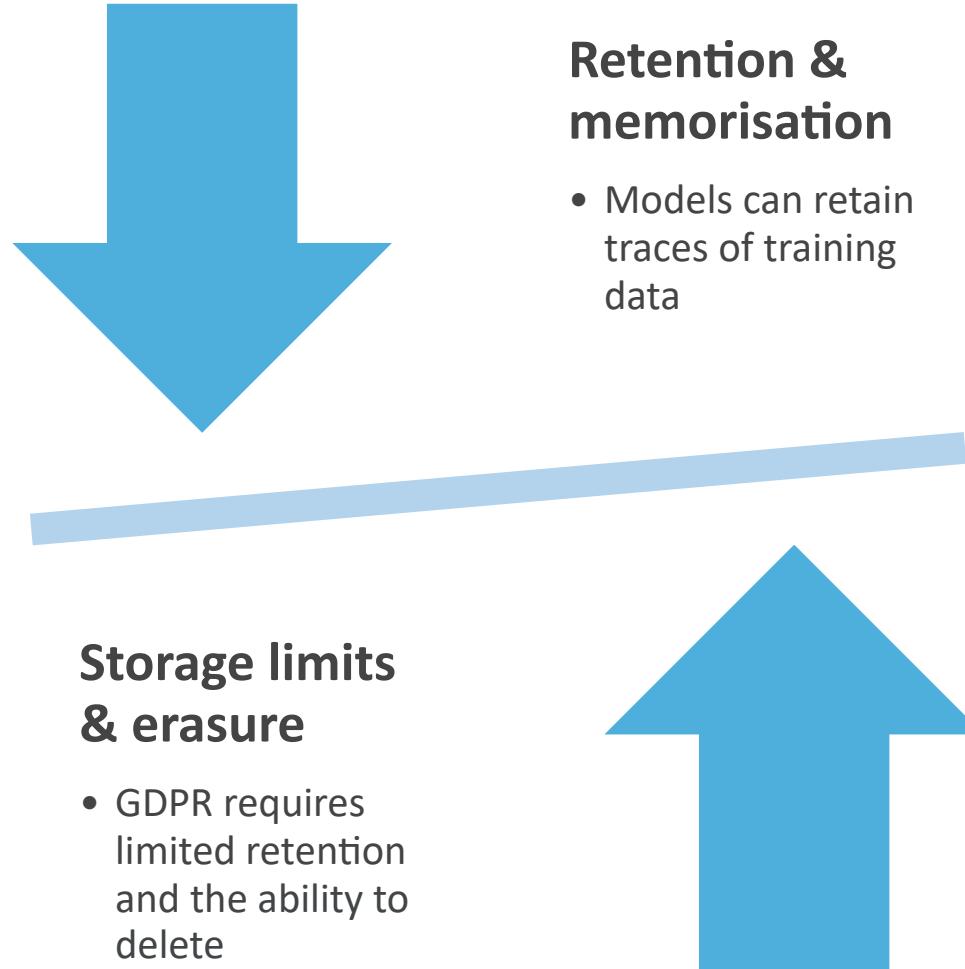
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Core Tensions Between AI & Privacy

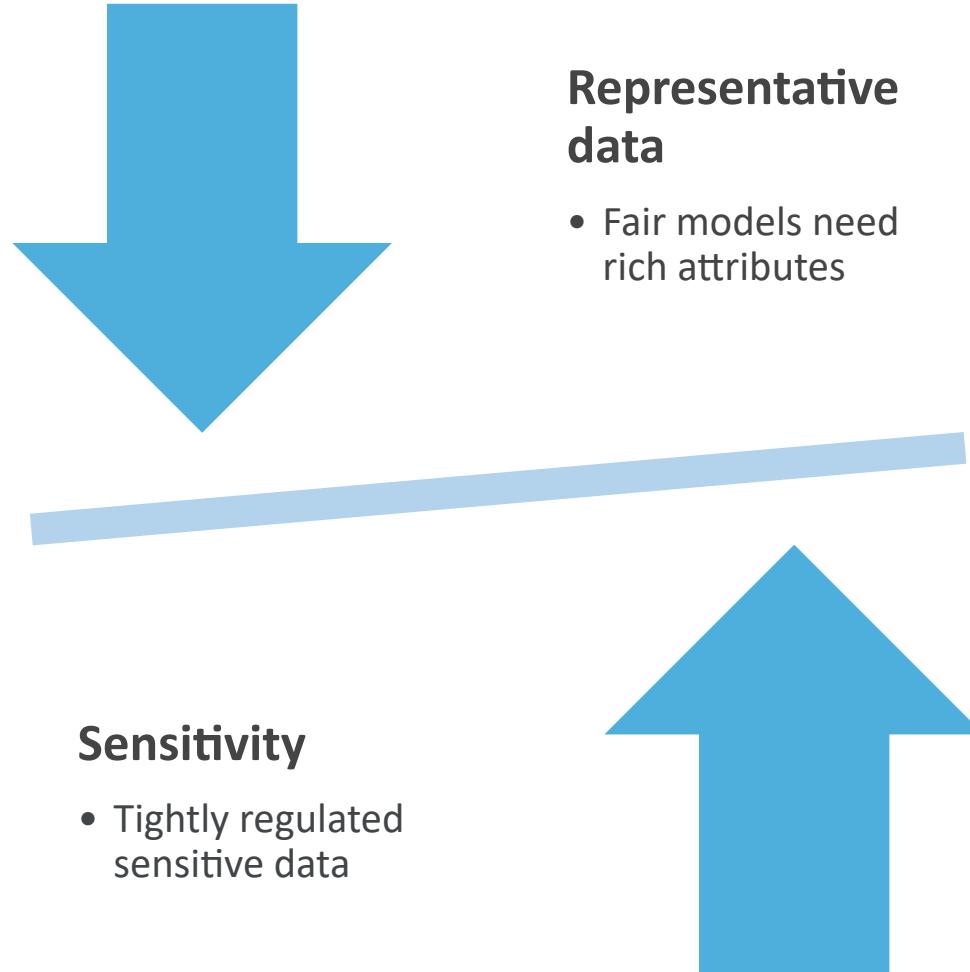
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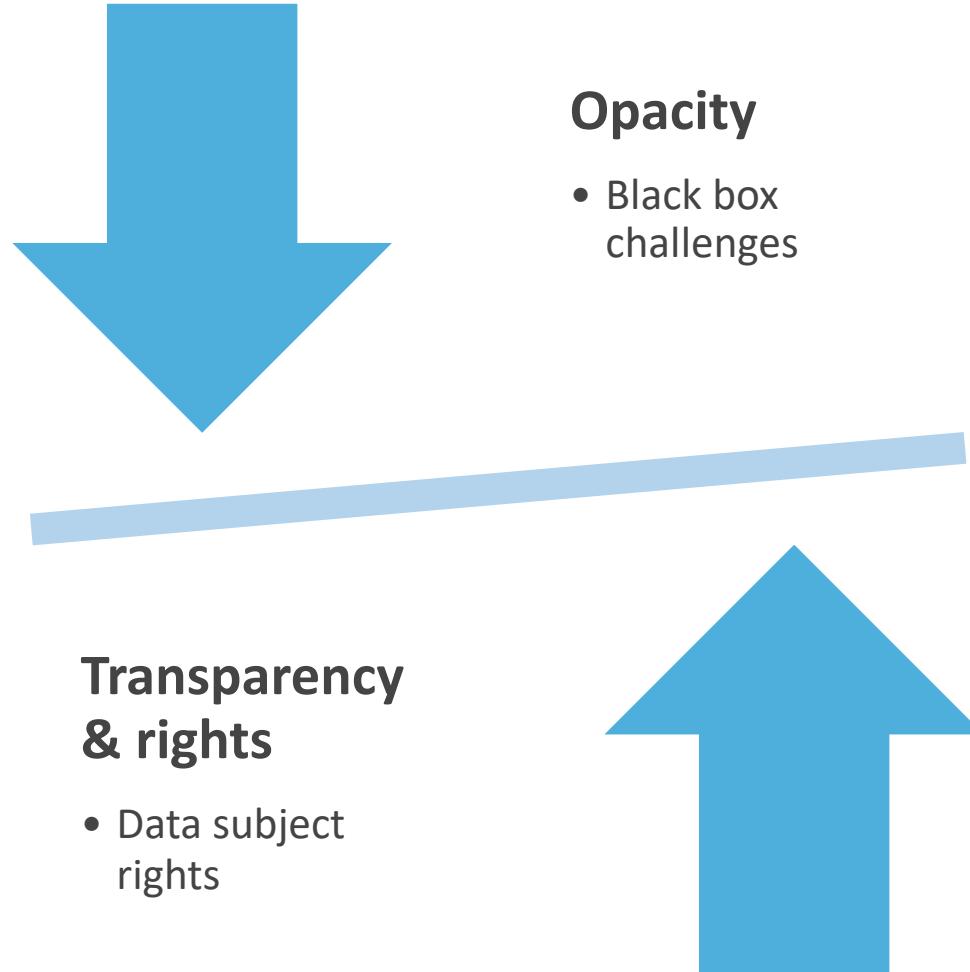
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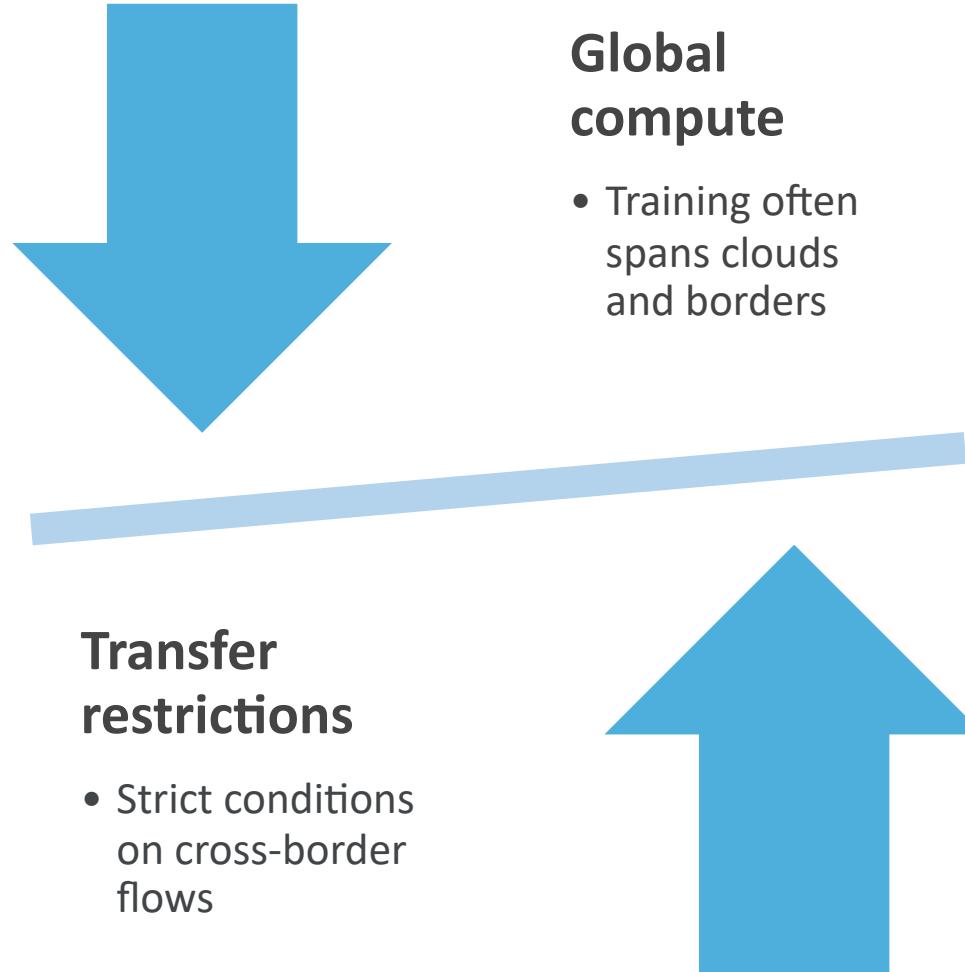
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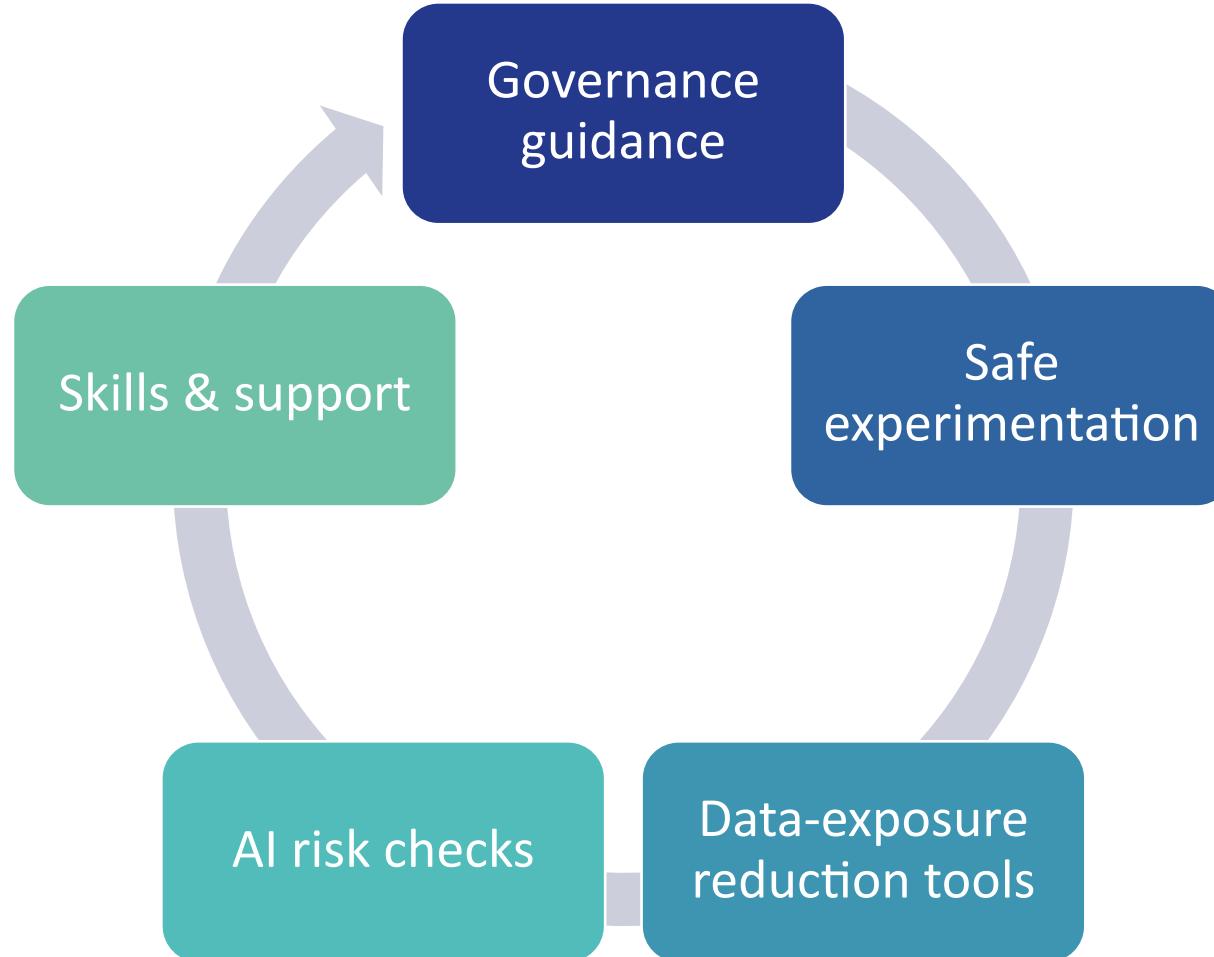
Where are the frictions?





Navigating Uncertainty

What helps navigate AI/privacy tensions





Data Reuse as a Key Enabler

Horizontal rails that open the data flows





Data Reuse as a Key Enabler

Sectoral, governed channels

- Secondary use across EU
- Access via Data Access Bodies
- Secure processing environments

European Health
Data Space

Common European
Data Spaces

- Catalogues for discovery
- Standard access requests
- Policy-bound data delivery and shared audit trails
- No centralising of raw data.





Use Case Stories



4LM – Legal Large Language Model (Public Administration)

- Few personal data in the current phase (published legislation)
- Next step may involve confidential data (upcoming draft law) as well as personal data (contributors' contact details)



LIH Precision Medicin (Health)

- AI for personalised medicine depends on highly sensitive health data
- Data scarcity limits model performance while privacy constraints restrict data sharing
- Requires privacy-preserving approaches (e.g., federated or controlled environments)





Luxembourg AI Factory (L-AIF)

How the Luxembourg AI Factory helps address the challenges

Governance guidance

- Practical support to align AI projects with EU rules through early compliance advice and trustworthy-AI principles.

Safe experimentation

- Secure sandboxes to prototype, test, and refine AI solutions without risking real data or live systems.

Data-exposure reduction tools

- Privacy-preserving environments, synthetic data, and pseudonymisation services to minimise sensitive data use.

AI risk checks

- Targeted evaluations for robustness, bias, cybersecurity, and explainability to ensure trustworthy AI systems.

Skills & support

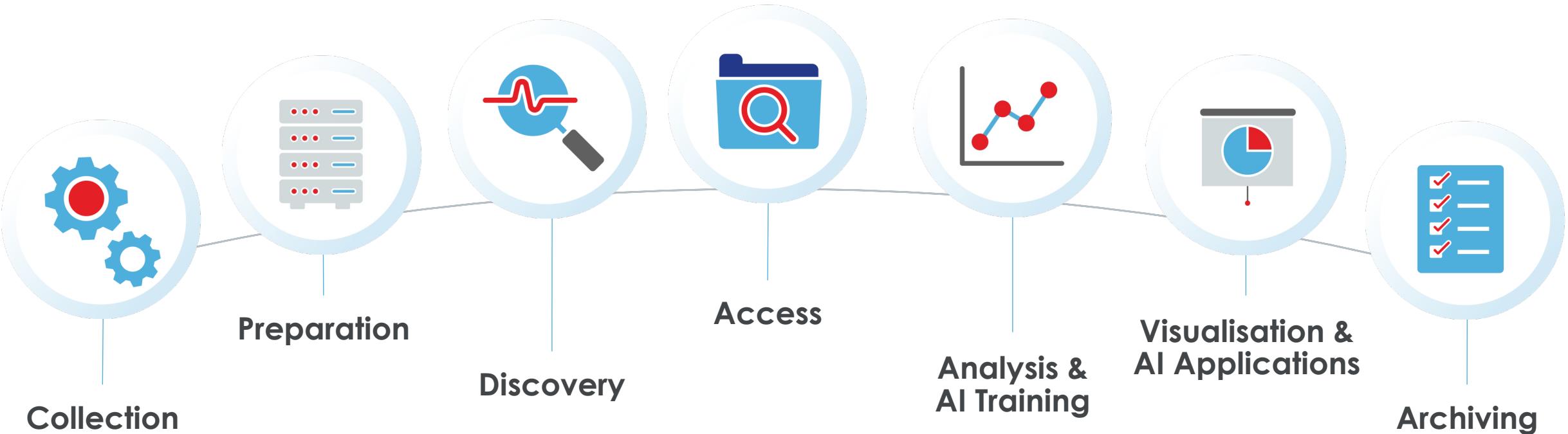
- Training, expert connections, and hands-on guidance across the full AI lifecycle.





LNDS: Key Enabler for Trusted Data Innovation

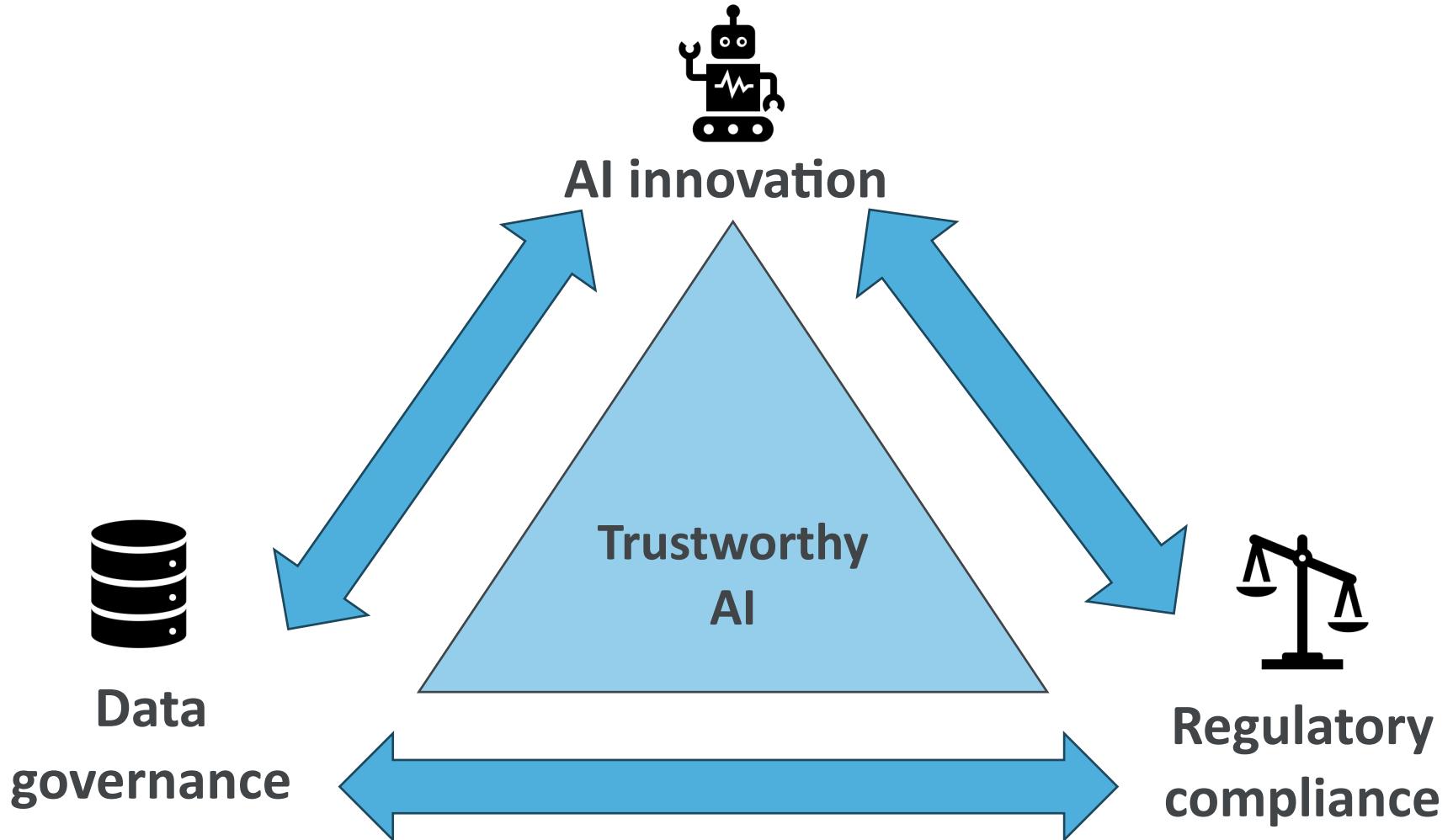
Supporting secondary use of data one step at a time



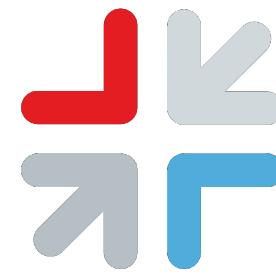


Conclusion

From constraints to enabling an efficient framework for trust



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LNDS

LUXEMBOURG NATIONAL DATA SERVICE

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